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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE ·	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/044,915	01/15/2002	Peter K. Lyons	23452-150	5007
29315	7590 05/04/2005		EXAM	INER
MINTZ LEVIN COHN FERRIS GLOVSKY AND POPEO PC			BULLOCK JR, LEWIS ALEXANDER	
SUITE 900	SET HILLS ROAD	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
RESTON, VA 20190			2195	
			DATE MAILED: 05/04/2009	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Арр	lication No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/0	044,915	LYONS, PETER K	LYONS, PETER K.		
	Office Action Summary	Exar	miner	Art Unit			
		Lewi	is A. Bullock, Jr.	2195			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu	nication appears o	on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence add	dress		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD IN MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN IN IN IT IS A COMMUN IN IT IN IT IS A COMMUN IN IT IN IT IS A CO	NICATION. as of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In amunication. (30) days, a reply within t statutory period will apply ly will, by statute, cause t	n no event, however, may a the statutory minimum of thi r and will expire SIX (6) MO the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely NTHS from the mailing date of this co BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	r. mmunication.		
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) fil	led on .					
2a)□	This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action	n is non-final.	•			
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restrict	are withdrawn from		·			
Applicati	ion Papers				. ,		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on 15 January 2002 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)□	Replacement drawing sheet(s) includin The oath or declaration is objected to	g the correction is r	equired if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CF	` '		
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12) a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internationsee the attached detailed Office actions	y documents have y documents have s of the priority do onal Bureau (PCT	e been received. e been received in A cuments have beer TRule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National S	Stage		
•							
Attachment	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) 🖂 Interview	Summary (PTO-413)			
2) 🔯 Notic 3) 🔲 Inforn	e of References Cited (F10-692) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 of r No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No((s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-	-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. New corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in this application because of Draftperson's Review. Applicant is advised to employ the services of a competent patent draftsperson outside the Office, as the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office no longer prepares new drawings. The corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over FLETCHER (U.S. Patent 6,009,274).

As to claim 1, FLETCHER teaches a system for enabling updates to applications on a running application server (ASU agent via an ASU server) without requiring a server restart (col. 5, lines 44-49), the system comprising: an application server (ASU agent via an ASU server / ASU server via an ASU manager); a deployer that coordinates an update to the application (application / software) with the application server, the deployer further comprising: a configuration file (self-extracting compressed

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file / control file) that assigns a priority (version number / version indication) to the update and pushes the update to the application server based, at least in part, upon the assigned priority (downloading the software whether the version is new or old) (col. 9, lines 20-29; col. 9, lines 57 – col. 10, line 17; col. 10, lines 19-51; col. 11, lines 1-6; col. 12, lines 27-56; abstract). However, FLETCHER does not teach that the application server services an application for one or more clients when the application server is the ASU agent. Official Notice is taken in that any computer system is capable of sending a request, i.e. an request to execute a program, to another computer system. Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention that the ASU agent is capable of handling other clients' request such that communications between computing systems is achieved.

As to claim 2, FLETCHER teaches a duplicate application storage space (one or more special update directories) that communicates with the deployer, wherein the update to the application is first performed on the duplicate application storage space (col. 12, lines 58-62).

As to claim 3, FLETCHER teaches a method for updating an application (application / component) on an application server (ASU agent via an ASU) wherein the update to the application is accomplished without the need for an application server restart (col. 5, lines 44-49), the method comprising: polling a storage location (list of components) with a deployer to notice the presence of an update (col. 12, lines 33-35;

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col. 10, lines 6-12), and when an update is noticed; signaling an application server that the update is present (via sending an advertisement of the new version / requesting the version level from the ASU Agent); determining a priority (version) for the update; deciding whether to proceed with the update based, at least in part on the priority (version) for the update, and if the decision is to proceed; adjusting the application so that the update may proceed; updating the application; and signaling the application server when the update is complete (via if the application update is a newer version, download it into the special update directories, changing the registry path to the update directories and sending a message to be displayed on the ASU agent) (col. 9, lines 20-29; col. 10, lines 19-67; col. 11, lines 1-6; col. 11, lines 47-62; col. 12, lines 57-64; col. 13, lines 16-39). However, FLETCHER does not teach that the application server services an application for one or more clients when the application server is the ASU agent. Official Notice is taken in that any computer system is capable of sending a request, i.e. an request to execute a program, to another computer system. Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention that the ASU agent is capable of handling other clients' request such that communications between computing systems is achieved.

As to claim 4, FLETCHER teaches the step of determining a priority for the update comprises: reading the priority (version) assigned to the update by the deployer (col. 10, lines 19-41). It would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the

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invention that the version level is based on a number of well-known configurations, i.e. the creation date, the deployment date, etc.

As to claim 5, FLETCHER teaches a deployer (ASU server) that coordinates an update to an application (application / component) running on an application server (ASU agent via an ASU server), the deployer comprising: a configuration file (selfextracting compressed file / control file) that assigns a priority (version level) to the update and pushes the update to the application server based, at least in part, upon the assigned priority (via if the application update is a newer version, download it into the special update directories, changing the registry path to the update directories and sending a message to be displayed on the ASU agent) (col. 9, lines 20-29; col. 10, lines 19-67; col. 11, lines 1-6; col. 11, lines 47-62; col. 12, lines 57-64; col. 13, lines 16-39). However, FLETCHER does not teach that the application server services an application for one or more clients when the application server is the ASU agent. Official Notice is taken in that any computer system is capable of sending a request, i.e. an request to execute a program, to another computer system. Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention that the ASU agent is capable of handling other clients' request such that communications between computing systems is achieved.

As to claim 6, FLETCHER teaches a poller to poll a storage location (list of components) and determine whether the modified application files exists (via server

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component is new or not) (col. 12, lines 33-35; col. 10, lines 6-12).

receives updated files from manager to push to the agent based on whether the

As to claim 7, FLETCHER teaches a signaler to signal the application server

when the update is complete (via if the application update is a newer version, download

it into the special update directories, changing the registry path to the update directories

and sending a message to be displayed on the ASU agent) (col. 9, lines 20-29; col. 10,

lines 19-67; col. 11, lines 1-6; col. 11, lines 47-62; col. 12, lines 57-64; col. 13, lines 16-

39).

As to claims 8 and 9, refer to claims 1 and 2 for rejection.

As to claims 10 and 11, reference is made to a processor readable medium that

corresponds to the method of claims 3 and 4 and is therefore met by the rejection of

claims 3 and 4 above.

As to claims 12-14, refer to claims 5-7 for rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Lewis A. Bullock, Jr. whose telephone number is (571)

272-3759. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:30 - 5:00.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

May 2, 2005

LEWIS A. BULLOCK, JR.
PRIMARY FXAME